**Course: History/Social Studies 4**

**Places and Regions in the U.S.**

1. Which states are in the Northeast region of the United States? Answer: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut
2. What region is the state of Michigan in? Answer: Midwest
3. What is the capitol of California? Answer: Sacramento
4. The Oregon coast is part of what U.S. region? Answer: West
5. What is the capitol of the United States? Answer: Washington DC
6. California is located in the? Answer: Pacific Time Zone
7. Mount Rushmore is located in? Answer: South Dakota
8. Giant Redwood trees are located in? Answer: Northern California
9. New York is next to? Answer: Canada
10. The Mississippi river flows along the? Answer: Western boundary of Mississippi

**Pre-Columbia, Missions, and Rancho Periods**

1. The pre-Columbian era incorporates? Answer: All periods in the history and prehistory of the Americas before significant European influence
2. Asian nomads are thought to have entered the Americas by? Answer: The Bering Land Bridge, now the Bering Strait
3. Mesoamerica is a region now known as? Answer: Central America
4. From 1769–1821, ranchos were settled by the? Answer: Spanish
5. During the Mexican Era from 1821–1846, land was granted to? Answer: Individuals
6. In 1492, Christopher Columbus discovered the Americas by landing on? Answer: The Bahamas
7. Columbus was not the first European explorer to reach the Americas, he was preceded by the Norse expedition led by? Answer: Leif Ericson
8. Who established Missions throughout the Americas to spread Christianity? Answer: The Spanish
9. The United States declared war on Mexico on? Answer: May 13, 1846
10. The California Gold Rush began on? Answer: January 24, 1848

**Mexican American War and the Gold Rush**

1. When did the Mexican American War take place? Answer: 1846 - 1848
2. Why did the U.S. go to war with Mexico? Answer: Territorial expansion to the Pacific coast
3. Who won the Mexican American War? Answer: The United States
4. What treaty was signed at to end the war? Answer: Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo
5. At the end of the war, the United States took possession of Alta California and New Mexico for what sum of money? Answer: $15 million
6. What happened to Texas after the war? Answer: Mexico recognized Texas as being independent
7. Who was the United States President during the Mexican American War? Answer: James K. Polk
8. Who discovered gold in California that led to the gold rush? Answer: James W. Marshall
9. What was the effect of the Gold Rush? Answer: All of the above
10. During the time of the Gold Rush, California? Answer: Had no civil legislature because it was under the possession of the United States but it was not yet a territory or state

**Local, State, and Federal Governments** - no test for this unit yet.

**Countries and their Capitols**

1. What is the capitol of the United States of America? Answer: Washington, DC
2. Moscow is the capitol of which country? Answer: Russia
3. What is the capitol of China? Answer: Beijing
4. Athens is the capitol of what country? Answer: Greece
5. Helsinki is the capitol of which Nordic country? Answer: Finland
6. What is the capitol of Iran? Answer: Tehran

**U.S. States and Capitols**

1. What state is A on the map above? Answer: Washington
2. What is the capitol of the state marked with the letter B? Answer: Idaho
3. What state is the letter C? Answer: Montana
4. What is the capitol of E? Answer: Denver
5. What state is the letter D? Answer: California
6. What state is the letter H? Answer: North Dakota
7. What is the capitol of letter G? Answer: Lincoln
8. What is the state capitol of Texas (letter F)? Answer: Austin
9. What is the abbreviation of the state of letter I? Answer: MO
10. What is the capitol of letter J? Answer: Springfield
11. What is the state of letter K? Answer: Alabama
12. What is the capitol of North Carolina (letter L)? Answer: Raleigh
13. What is the state of letter M? Answer: Maine
14. What is the abbreviation for the state of California? Answer: CA

**Course: Science 4**

**Electricity and Magnetism of the Earth**

1. Electromagnetism is? Answer: all of the above
2. Electromagnetism helped Albert Einstein develop? Answer: Theory of Relativity
3. One of Michael Faraday's main discoveries was? Answer: electromagnetic induction
4. Who is known as the "Father of Science?” Answer: Thales of Melitus
5. The magnetic field is? Answer: invisible
6. A magnet? Answer: attracts or repels other objects
7. Materials that can be magnetized, or strongly attracted to magnets are called? Answer: ferromagnetic
8. The magnetic field has? Answer: north and south poles
9. Earth? Answer: is a giant electromagnet
10. Earth's magnetic field is sometimes called? Answer: geomagnetic field

**How Organisms Need Energy and Matter to Live and Grow**

1. In biology, any contiguous living system is? Answer: Organism
2. An organism may be either be? Answer: Eukaryote
3. The word organism may broadly be defined as? Answer: An assembly of molecules functioning as a more or less stable whole that exhibits the properties of life
4. Viruses are? Answer: Not typically considered to be organisms
5. All organisms consist of monomeric units called? Answer: Cells
6. Yeast is a? Answer: Micro-organism
7. Organisms are? Answer: Complex chemical systems that promote reproduction and some measure of sustainability or survival
8. Organisms need these things to live and grow? Answer: Both of the above

**Properties of Rocks and Minerals of the Earth**

1. The Earth's outer solid layer, the lithosphere, is made of? Answer: Rock
2. The three major groups of rocks are? Answer: Igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic
3. The scientific study of rocks is called? Answer: Petrology
4. The total minerals forming the rock are held together by? Answer: Chemical bonds
5. Rocks formed through the cooling and solidification of magma or lava are called? Answer: Igneous
6. Rocks formed at the earth's surface by the accumulation and cementation of fragments of earlier rocks, minerals, and organisms are called? Answer: Sedimentary
7. Rocks formed by subjecting a rock to different temperature and pressure conditions than those in which the original rock was formed are called? Answer: Metamorphic
8. The extraction of minerals or other geological materials from the earth is called? Answer: Mining
9. Amethyst and diamonds are called? Answer: Minerals
10. Minerals are? Answer: Both of the above

**Fossils**

1. The preserved remains or traces of animals, plants, and other organisms from the remote past are called? Answer: Fossils
2. The study of preserved remains from the past is called? Answer: Paleontology
3. Ancient preserved animal tracks are a form of? Answer: Trace fossils
4. Paleontologists rely on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to date fossils. Answer: Stratigraphy
5. A widespread and rapid decrease in the amount of life on earth is called? Answer: An extinction event
6. Over \_\_\_\_ of documented species are now extinct. Answer: 98%